



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET p-Toluenesulfonic Acid TS

# **Section 1 Chemical Product and Company Identification**

Synonym: p-Toluenesulfonic Acid Test Solution

CAS#: Mixture.

Chemical Formula: Not applicable.

Supplier: Treering Group Limited

Address: Building C,No.888,Huanhu West 2nd Road,Lingang

Special Area, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone.

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients			
Name	CAS#	% by Weight	
Water	7732-18-5	30	
Acetone	67-64-1	70	
{P-}Toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate	6192-52-5	20	

#### **Section 3 Hazards Identification**

#### **Potential Acute Health Effects:**

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

#### **Potential Chronic Health Effects:**

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Acetone]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [SUSPECTED] [Acetone]. The substance is toxic to central nervous system (CNS). The substance may be toxic to kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

#### **Section 4: First Aid Measures**

# **Eye Contact:**

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

# Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

# **Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data**

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: The lowest known value is 465°C (869°F) (Acetone).

Flash Points: The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: -20°C (-4°F). OPEN CUP: -9°C (15.8°F). (Cleveland). (Acetone)

Flammable Limits: The greatest known range is LOWER: 2.6% UPPER: 12.8% (Acetone)

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2), sulfur oxides (SO2, SO3...).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis.

#### **Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:**

Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of acids. Non-explosive in presence of shocks.

#### **Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:**

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

**Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:** Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Acetone)

# **Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:**

Forms explosive mixtures with hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, nitric acid, nitric acid + sulfuric acid, chromic anydride, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl chloride, hexachloromelamine, nitrosyl perchlorate, nitryl perchlorate, permonosulfuric acid, thiodiglycol + hydrogen peroxide, potassium ter-butoxide, sulfur dichloride, 1-methyl-1,3-butadiene, bromoform, carbon, air, chloroform, thitriazylperchlorate. (Acetone)

#### Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

#### **Small Spill:**

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

# Large Spill:

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

#### **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

#### **Precautions:**

Keep locked up.. Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

#### Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

#### **Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### **Personal Protection:**

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

#### Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

# **Exposure Limits:**

Acetone TWA: 500 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 750 STEL: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 500 STEL: 1000 [Austalia] TWA: 1185 STEL: 2375 (mg/m3) [Australia] TWA: 750 STEL: 1500 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1810 STEL: 3620 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1800 STEL: 2400 from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

**Odor:** Not available. **Taste:** Not available.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable.

Color: Clear Colorless. pH (1% soln/water): Acidic.

Boiling Point: The lowest known value is 56.2°C (133.2°F) (Acetone). Weighted average: 69.34°C (156.8°F)

Melting Point: May start to solidify at -95.35 (-139.6°F) based on data for: Acetone.

Critical Temperature: The lowest known value is 235°C (455°F) (Acetone).

**Specific Gravity:** Weighted average: 0.82 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: The highest known value is 24 kPa (@ 20°C) (Acetone). Weighted average: 17.49 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: The highest known value is 2 (Air = 1) (Acetone). Weighted average: 1.59 (Air = 1)

Volatility: 100% (w/w). ( Acetone.)

Odor Threshold: The highest known value is 62 ppm (Acetone)

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

**Dispersion Properties:** See solubility in water, acetone.

Solubility:

Easily soluble in acetone. Soluble in cold water, hot water.

#### **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data**

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Heat, ignition sources, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility with various substances:

Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis. Slightly reactive to reactive with metals.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

**Special Remarks on Reactivity:** 

Incompatible with ferrous metals, leather, and cotton. Reacts with water to form a strong acid. (P-Toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate)

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

# **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2840 mg/kg (Mouse) (Calculated value for the mixture).

# **Chronic Effects on Humans:**

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Acetone]. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [SUSPECTED] [Acetone]. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin.

#### **Other Toxic Effects on Humans:**

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

#### **Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:**

May affect genetic material (mutagenicity) based on studies with yeast (S. cerevisiae), bacteria, and hamster fibroblast cells. May cause reproductive effects (fertility) based upon animal studies. May contain trace amounts of benzene and formaldehyde which may cancer and birth defects. Human: passes the placental barrier. (Acetone)

# Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Eyes: Causes eye irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath, and delayed lung edema. Inhalation at high concentrations affects the brain, behavior/Central Nervous System( characterized by dizzness, drowsiness, confusion,

headache, muscle weakeness, and possibly motor incoordination, speech abnormalities, narcotic effects and coma). Inhalation may also affect the gastrointestinal tract (nausea, vomiting). Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive (gastrointestinal) tract (nausea, vomiting). It may also affect the Central Nevous System (behavior), characterized by depression, fatigue, excitement, stupor, coma, headache, altered sleep time, ataxia, tremors as well at the blood, liver, and urinary system (kidneys) and endocrine system. May also have musculoskeletal effects. Chronic Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause dermatitis. Eyes: Eye irritation. Inhalation: May cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation. Ingestion: May cause loss of appetite, heartburn, gastritis.

#### **Section 12: Ecological Information**

**Ecotoxicity:** Not available. **BOD5 and COD:** Not available. **Products of Biodegradation:** 

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

#### **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

#### **Section 14: Transport Information**

**DOT Classification:** CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Acetone solution (Acetone) UNNA: 1090 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

#### **Section 15: Other Regulatory Information**

#### **Federal and State Regulations:**

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause reproductive harm (male) which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene; Formaldehyde Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Acetone Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Acetone Illinois chemical safety act: Acetone New York release reporting list: Acetone Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Acetone Pennsylvania RTK: Acetone Florida: Acetone Minnesota: Acetone Massachusetts RTK: Acetone Massachusetts spill list: Acetone New Jersey: Acetone New Jersey spill list: Acetone Louisiana spill reporting: Acetone TSCA 8(b) inventory: Water; Acetone TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetone TSCA 8(a) IUR: Acetone TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Acetone CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Acetone: 5000 lbs. (2268 kg);

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

# Other Classifications: WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

## DSCL (EEC):

R10- Flammable. R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. S24/25- Avoid contact with skin and eyes. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S28- After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2 Fire Hazard: 3 Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1

#### Specific hazard:

#### **Protective Equipment:**

Gloves. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

# **Section 16: Other Information**

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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